

RISK ASSESSMENT & Safety Management System

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Travel Sports

RISK ASSESSMENT

GENERAL INFORMATION

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1. WHAT IS A RISK ASSESSMENT?

Within the context of school travel, a risk assessment is consistent with a group management plan. In other words, the means by which leaders 'steer' their group through to the objective of arriving home safe and sound. Whilst there are many types of risk assessment, it is important to recognize that the concept is quite simple:

- · Somebody identifying a hazard
- Recognizing somebody is at risk from the hazard
- Putting some judgment on the potential likelihood and severity of the harm that might befall them
- Then critically putting in place the necessary control measures to rectify the problem.

A hazard is the potential of an activity to cause harm. A risk is the likelihood of the activity causing harm and is linked to the severity of that harm. It is important to recognize that you already risk assess many, many times in an average working day. For example:

Teacher A walks into a room and sees Astha balancing back on the back legs of her chair		
Hazard Identification Teacher A identifies the hazard - a fall		
Person at Risk	Astha is the person at risk	
Likelihood & Severity	Likelihood of a fall and potential for harm are high	
Control Measures	Tracy told to sit straight on chair and observed to do so	

An important consideration is that the action – the control measure – is usually dependent on the person not the hazard. For example, if the person at risk was unlikely or unable to follow the simple instruction, "sit straight", the teacher may have felt another control measure was appropriate.

This simple example shows how common the process is; what is uncommon is to write risk assessments down, but even then, the steps remain the same.

2. USING A TOUR OPERATOR

Use of a properly selected tour operator can substantially reduce liabilities and work load. It is our responsibility to carry out checks on all the component parts of your trip - such as the accommodation, transport and excursions - and so we can assist you with the local information that you need to develop your trip management plans. By handing over this part of the visit organizing, leaders can better allocate their time to developing their own management plan and the delivery of the educational content of the visit. Also, you are further protected by the law as accountability then lies with TravelOsports as the tour operator rather than yourself. As assured members of the School Travel Forum we conform to the School Travel Forum's Code of Practice, which ensures the above requirements are met.

What TravelOsports does for you?

Our team check the following areas:

Accommodation

- Compliance with all Local and National Governing Body or Licensing Authority requirements.
- Fire & safety arrangements including electrical and gas equipment
- Food hygiene
- Hotel security & general safety
- Swimming Pool safety

Transport

Coach Operators

- A valid Operating License.
- Fleet age and specification (including seat belts, GPS, dvd players etc.)



- · Vehicle maintenance, breakdown cover and emergency procedures.
- · Driver suitability.

Air, Sea & Rail Operators

 All air, rail and sea transportation provided as part of a tour complies with regulations set down by the appropriate Maritime and Coastguard Agency, Civil Aviation Authority or equivalent regulatory body in the country of operation.

Please note:

- Use of/standards of public transport used by groups or individuals during a tour is outside of our control.
- Please be aware however it is not a legal requirement in many overseas destinations for coaches and buses to be fitted with safety restraints or seatbelts.

Excursions & Visits

We check that all activities and excursions you wish to visit have evidence they are in possession of a valid operating license plus appropriate indemnity & public liability insurance. We also check that they are inherently safe and conform to our own internal guidelines including, if applicable, the suitability of any equipment to be used and the level of instructor qualification and competence.

Monitoring Feedback

In addition to the above we constantly monitor the performance of our suppliers through spot checks and feedback from our groups. The work we do is designed to constantly encourage a positive attitude to health and safety in all the destinations we operate in.

What can't we do?

Whilst we can provide you with some of the information you require to complete a trip Risk Assessment, we are unable to complete the assessment on your behalf. The Group Leader has a responsibility to ensure risks are assessed and appropriate control measures put in place. Whilst we are familiar with our suppliers, we are not familiar with your group members and / or the dynamics of your group, and this knowledge is integral to accurately assessing the level of risk a supplier might present to you and your group.

The Risk Assessment Process – Getting Started

Any school tour can be broken down into a small number of 'instances'. Once you have risk assessed one excursion, for instance, you will easily be able to apply the same logic to a similar excursion. Similarly, once you have risk assessed one accommodation, you will be able to apply your logic for this to the accommodation you use on your next tour. Where factors are repeated and common across many tours, your future Group Management Plans will take less time to complete as you will be able to use past risk assessments as your starting point. Once established, generic risk assessments can be used again and again or shared. Likewise, they may come from elsewhere within your school or local authority.

Identify General Hazards

If we stop thinking of the Amber Palace as itself, but see it as a "public monument on an open site, featuring close proximity with other members of the public, potential crowd situations, access restrictions, height and lots of stairs/trip hazards". On consideration, the hazards to a group are common to many similar public monuments and may include:

- Children getting lost / group being split
- · Children acting inappropriately
- · Trips on stairs
- Strangers
- Petty theft

And perhaps, to also consider



- · Trips on stairs
- Fear of heights

Therefore, the best risk control measures relate to group management NOT management of the Amber Palace itself.

Decide Upon Appropriate Control Measures

When deciding on how to control a group in any situation, it is useful to consider a range of measures that work together - Supervision – Protection – Training

For example, some measures that may be considered for a field trip to a local wood:

Supervision

- Pupil / teacher ratios
- Appropriate dispersal of teachers throughout the group

Protection

- Suitable clothing
- Sun protection
- Safe walking routes

Training

- · Agreed code of conduct
- Pre-visit briefing

Note that all categories of controls might not be required on all occasions.

Generic Risk Assessments

You will find a number of generic risk assessments covering the main areas of an educational tour at the end of this document. They should act as a starting point from which you can build your own individual Group Management Plan. It is at this stage that a site visit is useful. There is no substitute for first-hand knowledge. Think of a pre-visit as 'walking the course', such pre-visits add the fine detail to the group management plan. Site visits are also useful when developing the educational outcomes for the visit. Ask your TravelOsports Sales Consultant for details of how we can assist you in this area by organizing a preview visit to your chosen destination.

Having an Alternative - Plan B's

It is important to think of the obvious 'What Ifs?' Again, leaders are not required to consider all the many, minor details that could possibly change, but for example:

- What if a venue is weather dependent and can't be used?
- What if there is a sick child, how will the sick child be looked after and what's the effect on the rest of the group?
- · Trips on stairs
- · •What if one of the members of staff falls sick?



One of the hardest decisions for a leader to make is to stop an activity at short notice with a group of excited, expectant pupils without a pre-prepared alternative.

Emergency Procedures

The ultimate Plan B is an Emergency Procedure for worst-case scenarios. These are usually already established by the school and must be considered. Remember to ask about a tour operator's emergency procedure and check how it fits into yours.

Review

As the majority of educational visits follow similar patterns, it is very good practice when the tour is finished to get together with colleagues, reflect and review the planning process/risk assessments used. These can be used to inform next year's or other visits.

The following is for guidance only. If you have any specific queries regarding any aspect of your school tour then please contact our office on +91-8690066330 or by email to info@travelosports.com

5. TOUR ORGANISATION

Hazard(s) Observed	Risk Before Control Measures Implemented	Control Measures to be considered.(School to adopt measure as appropriate)	Risk Rating if controls implemented
Travel Arrangements being cancelled or changed plus financial loss of all money due to failure of suppliers and/or tour Operator/travel company	Medium	Use of reputable tour operator that gives security to school that any monies paid for the trip will be refunded.	Low

6. REMOTE SUPERVISION FOR ALL VISITS & EXCURSIONS

Hazard(s) Observed	Risk Before Control Measures Implemented	Control Measures to be considered.(School to adopt measure as appropriate)	Risk Rating if controls implemented
Lost / abduction	High	If staff are unfamiliar with the location to be visited, a Pre-visit of town/area is	Low
Road Traffic		strongly recommended.	
Accident		Information of the location obtained from the local tourist board.	
Medical Emergency		Weather forecasts checked and pupils advised on the suitability of clothing and/or the use of sun creams/blockers	
Theft / Assault		Group leader discussed area to be visited and any associated hazards	
Abuse by Public		If required, Group leader issued Information handout to pupils and staff	
Given Drugs		Clearly defined boundaries communicated to pupils.	
		Staff advised pupils regarding vigilance & awareness of surroundings	
		Pupils told not to talk to strangers, if approached and to inform a member of staff.	
		A central, permanently staffed meeting point established and communicated to all pupils.	
		Adults patrolled the defined area as appropriate	



Pupils placed into designated groups/pairs and informed of need to stay together The maximum and minimum size of a group specified. Pupils given emergency contact information and shown/instructed how to raise an alarm (if abroad this could be a card with emergency numbers on and provision of a mobile phone together with instruction on how to use it) Pupils advised on keeping bags held tightly secure Consideration given to measures which easily identify group members, e.g. coloured caps, school sweatshirts etc Ensured no name badges are worn by pupils Pupils told to attend the central meeting point for periodic check in/ headcount, dependant on length of remote supervision	

7. COACH TRAVEL

Hazard(s) Observed	Risk Before Control Measures Implemented	Control Measures to be considered. (School to adopt measure as appropriate)	Risk Rating if controls implemented
Vehicle/driver suitability &/or driver fatigue	Medium	Hired a reputable coach operator. Rest stops agreed with driver Pupils told of the rules of behavior &, if applicable, cultural (foreign travel) Differences are clearly explained to pupils.	Low
During Travel	Low	Bucket/sick bags, paper towels and disinfectant on-board. Clearly defined boundaries communicated to pupils. Pupils/accompanying staff advised on emergency procedures. Chosen safe locations (embark and disembark) & provide adults supervision. Clear safety instructions given. All members of the group are wearing seatbelts (at all times). Pupils told not to sit behind or distract the driver. Staff seated at varied locations throughout coach (especially exits). Pupils are not be seated at emergency exits. First aid kit available.	
During rest stops (accident / abduction / loss)		Pupils supervised across the car parks/roads. Pupils informed of a meeting point (permanently staffed). Pupils told of the clearly defined areas in which to stay. Pupils told to stay together in pairs (min.) when they go to the toilet. If required, adults patrol where pupils are & monitor toilet entrances/exits. Pupil headcount taken before escorting back and before the coach leaves.	Low
Arrival	Low	Staff chosen safe locations to disembark, and supervise. Check luggage and manual handling assistance may be offered if required. Pupils supervised across any car parks/roads	Low



8. FERRY TRAVEL

Hazard(s) Observed	Risk Before Control Measures Implemented	Control Measures to be considered. (School to adopt measure as appropriate)	Risk Rating if controls implemented
Awareness of	Low	Pupils told about the hazards associated with this type of travel.	Low
emergency procedures –		Group members listened to safety announcements given by ferry staff.	
(panic/injuries)		Muster points shown to pupils prior to sailing.	
Heavy/bulky	Low	Staff advised pupils with regard to limiting amount and weight of luggage	Low
Luggage (Manual handling injuries)		Staff allowed for rest stops. (Assistance may be offered if required).	
Adverse	Medium	Pupils not allowed on deck if conditions are too rough/windy.	Low
weather (Falling overboard,		Advice obtained from ferry staff where necessary.	
drowning. Sea		The areas clearly defined, if pupils are allowed onto the deck, before the	
sickness)		pupils access them. The areas supervised by staff.	
		No climbing on guardrails allowed.	
Walking on the boat-	Medium	The areas clearly defined and supervised, if pupils are allowed onto the deck.	Low
deck (Falling overboard)		Pupils instructed not to stand, climb on or lean over edge protection.	
,		A designated person to give information regarding evacuation procedures and the location of any buoyancy devices & give instruction on use	
		Any additional procedures:	
		Pupils supervised across the car parks/roads.	
		Staff checked the location & suitability of fire fighting equipment.	
		Staff confirmed all exit routes are clear, immediately upon arrival and at	
		regular intervals throughout the ferry trip.	
Strangers/	Low	Confirmed pupils are closely supervised during embarking/disembarking.	Low
Violence/ Abduction		Confirmed adults sit with pupils in one area as far as possible.	
		If pupils are allowed to walk around, they will be in groups, never in less than pairs and the maximum number in a group stipulated.	
		Pupils told to report any unwanted contact immediately to a member of staff and/or ferry staff.	
		Check luggage and manual handling assistance may be offered if required.	
		A central meeting point made known to group members and permanently staffed.	
		Regular check-in times arranged and headcounts conducted before embarkation, during trip and after disembarkation	
		Pupils reminded to keep money/valuables out of sight.	



8. FERRY TRAVEL CONTD.

Hazard(s) Observed	Risk Before Control Measures Implemented	Control Measures to be considered. (School to adopt measure as appropriate)	Risk Rating if controls implemented
On board accommodation (if applicable)	Low	Knowledge of the accommodation obtained. Checked that cabins are suitable and security / locks in working order. If not en-suite check location and suitability of toilet/washroom facilities.	Low
FIRE (Evacuation procedures, exits etc)	Low	Pupils and staff made aware of the fire alarm, escape routes, and emergency exits upon arrival. Staff checked the location & suitability of fire fighting equipment. Staff confirmed all exit routes are clear, immediately upon arrival. Identical checks conducted at regular intervals throughout the stay.	Low

9. AIR TRAVEL

Hazard(s) Observed	Risk Before Control Measures Implemented	Control Measures to be considered. (School to adopt measure as appropriate)	Risk Rating if controls implemented
Check In & Passport Control	Medium	Members of the party will be instructed to assemble together in order to negotiate through check in, security and passport control procedures as a party.	Low
(Lost party member/		Divide party into administrative groups with each member of staff being responsible for all documentation and registering/check-in of a sub-group.	
documents		If necessary staff will use the airport announcement system to relay a message.	
		The remote supervision procedure will apply within the airport.	
Before departure - Lost	Low	All baggage (checked and hand luggage) to be kept by party members and not to be left unattended	Low
party member, lost/unattended		All baggage to be clearly labelled, using the baggage labels provided.	
baggage.		Check in to be undertaken on arrival so that all hold baggage is transferred into the airlines care and responsibility.	
		Follow remote supervision procedure	
Delayed departure	Low	Communicate with Travel Company and school contact regarding delay so that revised ETA (if known) can be given to tour suppliers at destination for necessary adjustments of arrangements to be made and to school so that information can be given to parents.	Low
Flight accident / security incident		During the flight the party will be in the jurisdiction of the aircrew. Therefore they will be expected to listen carefully to the flight instructions given at the beginning of the flight and in the event of an incident to follow any further instructions issued by the flight crew.	Low
		Communicate with Travel Company / School as soon as possible to begin emergency communication procedures.	



10. ACCOMMODATION

Hazard(s) Observed	Risk Before Control Measures Implemented	Control Measures to be considered. (School to adopt measure as appropriate)	Risk Rating if controls implemented
Fire Precautions / Safety	Medium	Group leader have gained prior knowledge of the accommodation.	Low
		Pupils and staff made aware of the fire alarm, escape routes, location of fire fighting equipment, and emergency exit upon arrival.	
		Staff confirm all exit routes are clear, immediately upon arrival & check throughout stay.	
Strangers / Unknown area / Abduction	Medium	If windows have no restrictors/locks fitted, pupils made aware of safety and security dangers of opening windows plus the need to secure balcony doors.	Low
		Pupils made aware of out of bounds areas on arrival and appropriate rules of behaviour.	
		Pupils not to leave rooms once they have been checked in for the evening.	
		Pupils instructed not to open room doors to anyone unless they know who is there.	
		Staff patrol areas where students are sleeping until all pupils are settled.	
		N.B. If staff need to enter pupil's room, the door is kept open with another member of staff present at the doorway.	
Electrical equipment	Low	Visually inspected electrical equipment used by staff and pupils prior to use and taken out of service (or brought to the attention of the proprietor) if faulty.	Low



11. SWIMMING IN PUBLIC & HOTEL POOLS

Hazard(s) Observed	Risk Before Control Measures Implemented	Control Measures to be considered. (School to adopt measure as appropriate)	Risk Rating if controls implemented
WATER	Medium	Parents made aware of the swimming activity taking place during the visit.	Low
(Drowning/ Slips, trips, fall)		The pupils given information on the possible hazards associated with the activity.	
		The pool or hotel notified in advance of the visit and of the numbers to expect.	
		Qualified lifeguards provided in appropriate ratios by the pool.	
		Please note: When swimming:	
		LIFEGUARDS ARE NOT INCLUDED in the School's supervisory ratio.	
		Pupils under constant supervision.	
		Pupils warned NOT to run because of slippery surfaces!	
		School staff act as additional spotters, with staff in the water and staff on poolside.	
		Pupils restricted to different zones of the pool, dependent on their swimming ability.	
		Pupils instructed not to open room doors to anyone unless they know who is there.	
		Non-swimmers directly supervised in a safe area at all times.	
		Regular head counts taken, appropriate to length of activity and layout of pool.	
		N.B. If no lifeguards are provided, at least one member of staff should have a National Pool Lifeguard qualification (issued by the Royal Life Saving Society). If no member of staff has this qualification and there are no pool lifeguards present, SWIMMING WILL NOT TAKE PLACE.	
UNKNOWN	Medium	Changing areas supervised while being used by pupils.	Low
PEOPLE (Child abuse / violence / abduction)		Head counts taken when pupils enter/leave changing rooms and when leaving the swimming pool building.	



12. SKIING / SNOWBOARDING (ON PISTE) / SLEDGING

Hazard(s) Observed	Risk Before Control Measures Implemented	Control Measures to be considered. (School to adopt measure as appropriate)	Risk Rating if controls implemented
Weather & Snow conditions (Avalanche, Icing, Falls).	Medium	Weather conditions and snow & skiing/snowboarding/sledging conditions checked before commencement and, if required, instructors consulted. Appropriate clothing worn for the existing conditions. The pupils given information on safety procedures e.g. hill evacuation and comprehension of safety signs and signals. Lift operators will decide if it unsafe to ski. The lifts will be closed and the mountain swept if conditions deteriorate. All uplift equipment is checked daily, by operators at the ski centre.	Low
Chair Lift and tows: i.e. Falls from height/ Struck by and/ or Entangled in moving equipment	Medium	The pupils given information on the possible hazards associated with the activity. Pupils instructed how to get on and off the chair lift and tow. Adults take the first and last lift and supervise pupils mounting and dismounting the chairs and tows.	Low
Skiing / Snowboarding / Sledging - Travel at speed/ Contact with objects or people on or near slope.	Medium	Ski instructors hold the relevant instruction qualification. Skiing/snowboarding only allowed when under the direct supervision of said instructors or appropriately qualified members of school staff. Pupils not allowed to attempt activities beyond their competence. The pupils given information on the possible hazards associated with the activity. Pupils speed of travel monitored Pupils made aware of the International Ski Federation rules of personal behaviour. Skiers whose behaviour endangers their own or others safety caused the Group Leader to consider withdrawing them from the slope. Only one sledge allowed on the slope at any one time An adult available off the slope to provide supervision if required. Pupils look after each other while skiing – buddy system – and know what to do if separated from group. Meeting points agreed for teachers, group and instructors at end of ski sessions. A central meeting point made known to group members and permanently staffed.	Low
Ski / snowboard equipment injury / failure	Low	Equipment hired from a reputable supplier and is specifically fitted to each pupil by a qualified technician. If required, Helmets, with chin straps tied, worn whilst skiing/snowboarding and/or Sledging. The equipment checked prior to use and at regular intervals as necessary by a competent person for condition and fit. Pupils know safe procedures for carrying skis/walking in ski boots Pupils do not swap equipment with each other.	Low



12. SKIING / SNOWBOARDING (ON PISTE) / SLEDGING CONTD.

Hazard(s)	Risk Before	Control Measures to be considered.	Risk Rating
Observed	Control Measures Implemented	(School to adopt measure as appropriate)	if controls implemented
Off-piste hazards.	Medium	Students instructed not to leave the prepared piste and approved skiing area at any time.	Low
		Adults take the first and last lift and supervise pupils mounting and dismounting the chairs and tows.	
Cold injury, hypothermia, effects of sun, loss of pupil,	Medium	Pupils only used clothing and equipment that fits them, which is appropriate to the type of skiing/snowboarding to be undertaken and which matches their abilities. This is discuss with parents before departure at parents information evening.	Low
dehydration		The Group Leader checked if constant First Aid and Medical Aid are available on the slope. If not a suitably stocked First Aid box, and a First Aid qualified adult is present during the activity.	
		Regular monitoring & headcounts.	
		Pupil numbers confirmed, on and off ski areas.	
		Staff ensure regular application of sun cream by pupils	
		Staff ensure regular fluid intake by pupils	
		Staff maintained regular mobile phone contact	
		Remote supervision guidelines in use	
		School staff understand their supervision responsibilities including for sick or injured pupils.	
		Insurance cards are carried by pupils, or if held by staff. Instructors can contact staff if necessary.	



13. ADVERSE WEATHER CONDITIONS

Hazard(s) Observed	Risk Before Control Measures Implemented	Control Measures to be considered. (School to adopt measure as appropriate)	Risk Rating if controls implemented
Ice and Snow (Slipping and falling)	Medium	Grit/clear at least one designated access/egress route.	Low
		Ensure people are aware of cleared route.	
		Ensure an appropriate gritting/clearing schedule is established setting out routes to be dealt with first, which second etc, based on priority of use.	
		Ensure that car parking areas are gritted/cleared.	
		Information and instruction on the above schedule given to all operatives	
		Restrict access to areas which have not been gritted/cleared (eg playground).	
Manual handling injuries whilst gritting/ removing snow (Musculo- skeletal injuries due to moving, transporting and applying grit and clearing and moving of snow)	High	Provision of a device (barrow, trolley or similar) for transporting grit, or snow to desired destination. Strong, slip resistant footwear to be worn by operatives.	Medium
		A manual handling assessment of the operation should be carried out and findings communicated to all relevant persons.	
Extreme heat/ sun (Sunburn, heat exhaustion, dehydration)	Medium to High	Plan outdoor activities to avoid the hottest/sunniest parts of the day, particularly where these involve physical activity (eg sports days).	Low
		Make use of any available shade.	
		Consider erecting shades, eg, gazebos where appropriate.	
		Wear long sleeved, loose fitting clothing and hats which offer face and neck protection.	
		Encourage the use of sunblocks/sunscreens as per previously issued guidance.	
		Provision should be made for staff and pupils to take liquids when required.	
		For indoor areas ensure adequate ventilation is maintained to provide a comfortable temperature.	
		Allow for regular breaks for staff carrying out physical operations in high temperatures.	
Strong winds	Medium	Restrict access to areas where there is a possibility of items being blown into the area (eg playgrounds with large trees adjacent to them).	Low
		Do not carry out work at height or use ladders, steps and scaffold towers in high winds.	
		Avoid carrying large flat objects which could act like sails in high winds.	
		Secure doors and windows known to be affected by high winds (ie, prone to slam shut) (NB this must not hinder fire escape if the doors are designated fire exit doors).	
Heavy rain	Medium to Low	Ensure adequate precautions are taken to ensure safety if leaks are identified ie, mop up wet floors, appropriate signage of wet areas and barriers where necessary. Isolate any electrics affected by leaking water and do not re-use until checked by a competent electrician and declared safe. Identify areas where leaks are occurring and ensure they are repaired.	Low
		Ensure soak aways are regularly checked for blockages, ie leaves etc.	



14. GENERAL EXCURSIONS

Hazard(s) Observed	Risk Before Control Measures Implemented	Control Measures to be considered. (School to adopt measure as appropriate)	Risk Rating if controls implemented
All Apres Ski Activities	Medium	Check that any activities provided by the tour operator are suitably risk assessed by tour operator. The TravelOsports only provide entertainment that is covered by our insurance and in premises that are bound by local fire and safety laws.	Low
		Any activities arranged by group leader must be risk assessed by group leader.	
		Group leader considers activities suitable for group and provides sufficient establishment staff supervision.	
		Check that all young people attend or otherwise supervised.	
		Staff understand their supervision responsibilities.	
Ice Skating (ill fitting boots/ falls / minor cuts and bruises)	High	All students to be given information on the possible hazards associated with the activity prior to commencement. A manual handling assessment of the operation should be carried out and findings communicated to all relevant persons.	Low
Extreme heat/ sun (Sunburn,	Medium to High	Plan outdoor activities to avoid the hottest/sunniest parts of the day, particularly where these involve physical activity (eg sports days).	Low
heat exhaustion, dehydration)		All students to be given card displaying shoe size (Continental)	
,		All safety procedures to be observed.	
		Students to be made aware of location of supervising staff and first aid provision.	
		Skaters whose behaviour endangers their own or others safety to be withdrawn from the activity	
		Staff to ensure that suitable warm clothing is worn by students prior to the activity commencing	
Disco Evening: -			
Abduction	Low to High	Clearly defined boundaries will be communicated to all students.	Low
Medical		Adults to patrol the defined area as appropriate.	
emergency		Pupils to be made aware of the location of adults.	
Crushing in the event of emergency		All students to be made aware of the emergency exits, fire procedures and central meeting point. All students to be advised to remain calm in the event of an emergency.	
Interference from locals		Ensure all students are instructed to avoid contact with people outside the group, with all contact being reported to a member of staff.	
		Students informed not to accept food or drink from strangers.	
Bowling: - Back strain/pulled	Medium	All students to be made aware of the possible hazards associated with the activity.	Low
muscles		Students to be made aware of location of staff and first aid provision.	
Injury due to mishandling /dropping bowling balls or slipping	Medium	Request that a member of the bowling alley staff speaks to the participants about how to play the game, the rules of the game and the acceptable procedures to ensure a safe activity. Also a demonstration of how to lift and deliver the bowl including where to release the bowl and what to do after the bowl has been released.	Low
		Participants should be aware if the bowls are automatically returned to players or not and they should be made aware of the location of the return area.	
		Participants should only remove bowls from the "source area" when the bowls are stationary.	



14. GENERAL EXCURSIONS CONTD.

Hazard(s) Observed	Risk Before Control Measures Implemented	Control Measures to be considered. (School to adopt measure as appropriate)	Risk Rating if controls implemented
Adverse weather conditions / walking around resort: -	Medium	Ensure students are aware of cleared routes. Students to be informed of out of bounds areas. Weather warnings to be observed at all times and scheduled events to be changed as necessary. Remote supervision guideline in action.	Low
		Pupils stay in pairs/groups. Pupils know where and how to contact staff member and what to do if separated from group. Staff know when they are "on duty" and understand they have responsibility for pupils at all times.	
Ice and snow (Slipping and falling)	Medium	Appropriate footwear and clothing to be worn at all times	Low